

February 5, 2004

Mr. Leonard V. Schneider Ross, Banks, May, Cron & Cavin, P.C. 2 Riverway, Suite 700 Houston, Texas 77056-1918

OR2004-0866

Dear Mr. Schneider:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 195857.

The City of League City (the "city"), which you represent, received a request for information pertaining to a specified case number. You state that you have provided or will provide the requestor with some responsive information. You claim, however, that the remaining requested information is excepted from disclosure pursuant to sections 552.108 and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and have reviewed the submitted information.

You claim that portions of the submitted information are excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.108 of the Government Code. Section 552.108(a)(1) provides that information held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime is excepted from disclosure if "release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]" Gov't Code § 552.108(a)(1). Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108(a)(1) as an exception to disclosure of requested information must demonstrate how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement or prosecution. See Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a), .301(e)(1)(A); see also Ex parte Pruitt, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state that the submitted information pertains to an ongoing criminal investigation. Based on your representations and our review of the information at issue, we find that section 552.108(a)(1) is applicable to this information.

We note, however, that section 552.108 does not except from disclosure basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime. See Gov't Code § 552.108(c). We believe such basic information refers to the information held to be public in Houston Chronicle Publishing Co. v. City of Houston, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.--Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976). See Open Records Decision No. 127 (1976) (summarizing types of basic information that must be made available to public, including detailed description of offense). Accordingly, with the exception of basic information that must be released to the requestor, we conclude that the city may withhold the information at issue pursuant to section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code. We note, however, that the city maintains the discretion to release all or part of this information that is not otherwise confidential by law. See Gov't Code § 552.007.

You also claim that portions of the submitted information are excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.130 of the Government Code. Section 552.130 excepts information from disclosure that relates to a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state or a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state. See Gov't Code § 552.130. Accordingly, we conclude that the city must withhold the information that it has redacted under section 552.130 of the Government Code pursuant to that exception to disclosure, except for any such information pertaining to a vehicle owned by the requestor. See Gov't Code § 552.023 (providing that individual has limited special right of access to information when only basis for excepting information from disclosure involves protection of same individual's privacy interest); see also Open Records Decision No. 481 (1987). If any of this section 552.130 information pertains to a vehicle owned by the requestor, it must be released to him. See id.

In summary, with the exception of basic information that must be released to the requestor, the city may withhold the information that it seeks to withhold under section 552.108 pursuant to section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code. With the exception of any section 552.130 information pertaining to a vehicle owned by the requestor, the city must withhold the information that it seeks to withhold under section 552.130 of the Government Code pursuant to that exception to disclosure.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the

governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Ronald J. Bounds

Assistant Attorney General

Rosely. Broke

Open Records Division

RJB/lmt

Mr. Leonard V. Schneider - Page 4

Ref: ID# 195857

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Jason Pate 25 Campeche Dr.

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(w/o enclosures)